

## Transitions and Uses

<b>Transition Word or Phrase</b>		<b>Use when. . .</b>
1. and and, nor also moreover	furthermore indeed in fact first, second, etc.	you are adding something.
2. for instance for example for one thing	similarly	you are illustrating or expanding your point.
3. therefore thus consequently so, and so	finally on the whole all in all in other works	you are adding up: summarizing minor points to emphasize a major point.
4. frequently occasionally in particular in general	specifically especially usually	you are adding a qualifying point or illustration.
5. of course no doubt doubtless	to be sure granted (that) certainly	you are conceding a point to the opposition or recognizing a point off your main line.
6. but however yet on the contrary	not at all surely no	you are reversing/deflecting the line of thought, usually back to your own side.
7. still nevertheless notwithstanding		you return the thought to your own side after a concession.
8. although though		you are attaching a concession to one of your own points. Do not use "while" for whereas." ("While" means, basically, during the time that and is restricted to time.)
9. because since, for		you are connecting a reason to an assertion.
10. if provided in case	unless lest when	you are qualifying and restricting a more general idea.