

## INTEGRAL APPROXIMATIONS ON THE TI-83/84

Recall  $\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n}$ , where  $n$  is the number of subintervals of  $(a, b)$  and  $a$  and  $b$  are the limits of integration.

### LEFT-HAND SUM RULE:

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(x_i) \Delta x \quad \text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(f(x), x, a, b - \Delta x, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$$

$$\text{Error}(kn) = \frac{1}{k} * \text{Error}(n)$$

### RIGHT-HAND SUM RULE:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \Delta x \quad \text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(f(x), x, a + \Delta x, b, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$$

$$\text{Error}(kn) = \frac{1}{k} * \text{Error}(n)$$

### MIDPOINT RULE:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{x_{i-1}+x_i}{2}\right) \Delta x \quad \text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(f\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right), x, a, b - \Delta x, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$$

OR (easier to use)  $\text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(f(x), x, a + \frac{\Delta x}{2}, b - \frac{\Delta x}{2}, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$

$$\text{Error}(kn) = \frac{1}{k^2} * \text{Error}(n)$$

### TRAPEZOID RULE:

$$\frac{\text{LEFT}(n)+\text{RIGHT}(n)}{2} \quad \text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(\frac{1}{2}[f(x) + f(x + \Delta x)], x, a, b - \Delta x, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$$

$$\text{Error}(kn) = \frac{1}{k^2} * \text{Error}(n)$$

### SIMPSON'S RULE:

$$\frac{2\text{MID}(n)+\text{TRAP}(n)}{3} \quad \text{sum}\left[\text{seq}\left(\frac{1}{3}\left\{2f\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}(f(x) + f(x + \Delta x))\right\}, x, a, b - \Delta x, \Delta x\right)^* \Delta x\right]$$

$$\text{Error}(kn) = \frac{1}{k^4} * \text{Error}(n)$$